General National Congress High National Elections Commission Board Of Commissioners

VOTER REGISTRATION REGULATION FOR THE ELECTIONS OF THE COUNCIL OF REPRESENTATIVES, ATTACHED TO THE DECISION OF BOARD OF COMISSION NO. (49) 2014

Having noted:

- The Constitutional Declaration enacted on 3 August 2011 and its amendments
- Law 8 (2013) on the Establishment of the High National Election Commission
- Law 10 (2014) on the CoR election
- Law No (13) on political and administrative isolation.
- Civil and commercial proceedings Law and its amendments.
- the minutes of the 7^{th} regular meeting of board of commissioners , held onthe 17^{th} of April 2014.

This regulation has been enacted

ARTICLE ONE DEFINITION

Unless stated otherwise, terms used in this regulation shall have the same meaning as those mentioned in Law No. (10) on the election of the Council of Representatives during the transitional period and in Law No. (8) 2013 on the Establishment of the High National Election Commission, in addition to the following:

- 1. Preliminary voter register: the register that consists of citizen's names who wish to practice their right to vote and apply for registration.
- 2. Final voter register: the register that consists of eligible voters' names to practice their right to vote.
- 3. Digital registration system: the system that depends on the national number and the polling center number being sent to a designated SMS number to accept the registration application.
- 4. Direct support to voters: means enabling voters, who were not able to use the digital registration system, to be registered in the voter register.
- 5. Stakeholders: they are the eligible voters and candidates, registered in the approved registers by the commission.

ARTICLE TWO GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The Commission decides whether the applicant, for registration in the voter register, has met the conditions mentioned in the law and its regulation, or not

- 2. Registration process shall be done in accordance with this regulation, and procedures drafted by the Commission for this purpose, so the voter register will consist of eligible voters who have the right to vote, during the polling day; those who are not registered in the voter register are not allowed to vote.
- 3. Every citizen (who meets the conditions) must follow the registration procedures drafted by the Commission to be registered in the voter register.
- 4. The Commission shall announce the time periods determined to organize and fulfill all procedures related to the voter register.
- 5. All those, who have registered in the previous elections, using the national number, are considered registered in the voter register, and there is no need to register again.

ARTICLE THREE

REGISTRATION CONDITIONS IN VOTERS' REGISTER

- 1. For a person to be included in the voter register, he must:
 - i. be Libyan and legally eligible.
 - ii. have completed 18 years old, by the time of registration.
 - iii. hold a national number, and his name must be enlisted in the system of the national number.

ARTICLE FOUR

REGISTRATION SYSTEM AND ITS REQUIREMENTS

The Commission is in charge of setting up the registration system and providing its requirement as follows:

- 1. Approving the digital registration system to enable eligible voters to register in the voter register.
- 2. Determining locations of poling centers, which are one component of the registration process, and at which the voter register will be published.
- 3. Providing all needed support to enable voters to fulfill their registration process, through the following:
 - Disseminating names and codes of polling centers as widely as possible.
 - Providing direct support to enable eligible voters to register in the voter register.
 - Accepting applications from those who wish to register or to change their poling centers through SMS.
 - Adopting special measures to enable Internally Displaced Persons to register in the voter register.

ARTICLE FIVE

DEVELOPING AND PUBLISHING THE PRELIMINARY VOTERS REGISTER

After the end of the registration period, the Commission shall develop the preliminary voters register that includes names of eligible voters who met the conditions and applied for registration in the voter register. This register will be published at polling centers to enable stakeholders to review it and lodge challenges.

This translation was developed by the UN Electoral Support Team in Libya. It is unofficial in nature and is provided for informational purposes only.

ARTICLE SIX CHALLENGES

- 1. Any stakeholder may challenge any procedure related to any of the stages of the registration process within 48 hours from the date of the incident subject of the challenge.
- 2. The complainant shall submit one's challenge directly to the competent court (Local court) located in the electoral constituency where he/she is registered.
- 3. The Local Court (Partial Court) Judge shall consider the challenges, and adjudicate on the challenge within three days from the date of submission.
- 4. The complainant may appeal the local court judge ruling before the Chief of the Primary Court within five days from the date of issuance, with no need to announce it.
- 5. Decision regarding the appeal shall be taken in one session, based on the submitted documents, within five days from the date of appeal. The ruling on the appeal shall be final and binding for the Commission. The Court shall refer the rulings delivered by it to the Commission.
- 6. The Commission shall consider the complaints of persons whose names are not enlisted in the voter register, despite their application, provided that this does not violate the law and its regulation.

ARTICLE SEVEN FINAL VOTER REGISTRY

After the end of the period dedicated to adjudicating appeals, and fulfilling all related procedures, the Commission will conduct a final revision for all voters' names enlisted in the preliminary voter register to make sure that procedures are not violates after incorporating the amendments resulted from the challenges.

ARTICLE EIGHT

With no violations to any more sever penalties, stipulated in other relative laws, the provisions of chapter (8) of the Law No. (10) 2014, concerning the electoral crimes, shall be applied to all violations committed by voters during the electoral process.

Board of Commissioners